## DESCRIPTION OF THE COURSE OF STUDY

Course code		12.6-3LEK-F-GwB							
Name of the course	Polish	Grzyby w biotechnologii							
in	English	Fungi in biotechnology							

### 1. LOCATION OF THE COURSE OF STUDY WITHIN THE SYSTEM OF STUDIES

1.1. Field of study	medicine
1.2. Mode of study	full-time
1.3. Level of study	uniform Master's study
1.4. Profile of study*	practical
1.5. Specialization*	lack
1.6. Unit running the course of study	Faculty of Medicine and Health Studies
1.7. Person/s preparing the course description	dr hab. Janusz Łuszczyński, prof. UJK
1.8. Person responsible for the course of study	dr hab. Janusz Łuszczyński, prof. UJK
1.9. Contact	jluszcz@ujk.kielce.pl

### 2. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE COURSE OF STUDY

2.1. Affiliation with the module	optional – faculty
2.2. Language of instruction	Facultative
2.3. Semesters in which the course of study is offered	2nd-9th
2.4. Prerequisites*	The basic knowledge of mycology, botany, taxonomy, cytology,
	fungal physiology, plant physiology

#### 3. DETAILED CHARACTERISTICS OF THE COURSE OF STUDY

3.1. Form of classes		Lecture: 15, classes: 20					
3.2. Place of classes	5	Courses in the teaching rooms of UJK					
3.3. Form of assess	ment	Credit with grade					
3.4. Teaching meth	ods	verbal					
		multimedia presentations, observation, discussion					
3.5. Bibliography	<b>Required reading</b>	Mushroom Biotechnology: Developments and Applications, ISBN:					
		9780128027943					
	Further reading						

#### 4. OBJECTIVES, SYLLABUS CONTENT AND INTENDED TEACHING OUTCOMES

4.1. Course objectives (including form of classes)

C1 – acquaint students with fungi as a group of organisms with great enzymatic opportunities;

C2 – acquaint students with the natural disposition of fungi in the phenomena of decomposition of organic matter and the possibilities of using these abilities in the human economy;

C3 – acquaint students with the ability of fungi to live in symbiosis with other organisms and the technical possibilities of the use of mycorrhizae in forestry and gardening;

C4 – fungi in the economy and the life of man;

C5 – discussion of selected problems related hazards and environmental protection with the participation of fungi

**4.2. Detailed syllabus** (including form of classes)

The importance and role of fungi in selected biocenoses, significance at the individual level, population and biocenotic. Forms of coexistence of fungi with other organisms:

Saprotrophism, parasitism and symbiosis. Mycorrhiza, the division of mycorrhizae and their importance for plants and fungi. Saprotrophism, the importance of nature and the human economy. Bioremediation. Parasitism and hyperparasite – the possibility of use in plant protection. Fungi properties: edible and poisonous mushrooms as well as medicinal. Mushroom poisoning and their derivatives. Cultivation of edible mushrooms and medicinal.

# 4.3 Education outcomes in the discipline

Code	A student, who passed the course	Relation to teaching outcomes
	within the scope of <b>KNOWLEDGE</b> :	
W01	determines benefits and risks arising from the presence in the ecosystem of genetically modified organisms (GMOs);	C.W10.
W02	knows the epidemiology of infections with viruses, bacteria as well as fungal and para- sites infections, including geographical range of their occurrence;	C.W13.
W03	understands the impact of abiotic and biotic (viruses, bacteria) environmental factors on the human body and population of people and their ways of penetration into the human body; describes the implications of the human body exposure to various chemi- cal and biological factors and prevention principles;	C.W14.
W04	knows invasive human forms or stages of development of selected parasitic fungi, pro- tozoa, helminths and arthropods, including geographical coverage of their occurrence;	C.W15.
	within the scope of <b>ABILITIES</b> :	
U01	assesses environmental hazards and uses basic methods allowing to detect the presence of harmful agents (biological and chemical) in the biosphere;	C.U6.
U02	applies basic laboratory techniques, such as: qualitative analysis, titration, colorimetry, pehametry, chromatography, electrophoresis of proteins and nucleic acids;	C.U9.
U03	analyses defensive and adaptation reactions as well as regulation disorders caused by the etiological factor;	C.U12.

		Method of assessment (+/-)																				
Teaching		Exam oral/written*			Test*			Project*			Effort in class*			Self-study*			Group work*			Others*		
outcomes (code)		Form of classes		Form of classes		Form of classes			Form of classes			Form of classes		Form of classes		Form of classes						
	L	С		L	С		L	С		L	С		L	С		L	С		L	С		
W01																						
W02																						
W03																						
W04																						
U01																						
U02																						
U03																				1		

\*delete as appropriate

4.5. Cr	iteria of	assessment of the intended teaching outcomes
Form of classes	Grade	Criterion of assessment
	3	61%-68%
<b>(T</b> )	3,5	69%-76%
lecture	4	77%-84%
ect	4,5	85%-92%
Ι	5	93%-100%
*	3	61%-68%
(C)	3,5	69%-76%
ses (	4	77%-84%
classes (C)*	4,5	85%-92%
C	5	93%-100%

# 5. BALANCE OF ECTS CREDITS – STUDENT'S WORK INPUT

	Student's workload
Category	Full-time studies
NUMBER OF HOURS WITH THE DIRECT PARTICIPATION OF THE TEACHER /CONTACT HOURS/	35
Participation in lectures*	15
Participation in classes, seminars, laboratories*	20
Preparation in the exam/final test*	
Others*	
INDEPENDENT WORK OF THE STUDENT/NON-CONTACT HOURS/	15
Preparation for the lecture*	
Preparation for the classes, seminars, laboratories*	10
Preparation for the exam/test*	5
Gathering materials for the project/Internet query*	
Preparation of multimedia presentation	
Others*	
TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS	50
ECTS credits for the course of study	2

Accepted for execution (date and signatures of the teachers running the course in the given academic year)

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